United State	S DISTRICT COURT
f	For the
Northern Dis	strict of California
United States of America v. Leon Patterson	or the strict of California    JUL 12 2018
Defendant	OAKLAND CALIFORNIA
ORDER OF DETEN	TION PENDING TRIAL
Part I - Eligib	oility for Detention
Upon the	
☐ Motion of the Government attorney pursua  ✓ Motion of the Government or Court's own	nt to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),
the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i)	is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact, in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.
Part II - Findings of Fact and La	w as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
and the community because the following conditions  (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 to § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum to (b) an offense for which the maximum term (c) an offense for which a maximum term (d) any felony if substances (21 U.S.C. §§ (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 or (d) any felony if such person has been condition (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) jurisdiction had existed, or a combination	ditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person have been met:  ollowing crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):  U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.  erm of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or  ntence is life imprisonment or death; or  of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the  801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act  of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or  nvicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs  r more State or local offenses that would have been offenses ) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal of such offenses; or
<ul> <li>(iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a</li> <li>□ (2) the defendant has previously been convicted § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and</li> </ul>	e of violence but involves: firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and ed of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise we for which the defendant has been convicted was

committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

☐ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a			
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the			
defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant			
committed one or more of the following offenses:			
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the			
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);			
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;			
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;			
☐ (4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of			
imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or			
☐ (5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245,			
2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.			
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above			
☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is			
ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)			
OR			
☐ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the			
presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.			
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention			
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:			
☑ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure			
the safety of any other person and the community.			
the same of the same person and the community.			
☐ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure			
the defendant's appearance as required.			
In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:			
✓ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong			
☐ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted			
✓ Prior criminal history			
☑ Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision			
History of violence or use of weapons			
History of alcohol or substance abuse			
☑ Lack of stable employment			
✓ Lack of stable residence			
☐ Lack of financially responsible sureties			

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□ Lack of significant community or family ties to this district □ Significant family or other ties outside the United States □ Lack of legal status in the United States □ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration □ Prior failure to appear in court as ordered ☑ Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement □ Use of alias(es) or false documents □ Background information unknown or unverified
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release  OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:  The government proffered unrebutted information supporting the existence of a long-standing affiliation with the Acorn gang

## Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	07/12/2018	
		United States Magistrate Judge